

### GLASDAN AL 80 T-35 P ELAST

Waterproofing sheet of SBS modified bitumen with metallic self-protection.



GLASDAN AL-80 TIPO 35 ELAST (10X1) is a bituminous waterproofing sheet with metallic self-protection. Composed of a fibreglass reinforcement and covered on both sides with SBS modified bitumen mastic, uses on the upper side of the sheet embossed aluminium foil in aluminium colour as protective material. The anti-adhesive material used on the lower side is polyethylene film. Tested according to standard EN test methods.

#### Presentation

- Length (cm): 1000
- Width (cm): 101
- Product code: 141201

#### Technical Data

Concept	Value	Standard
Mass per unit area (nominal) (kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	3.5	-
External fire behaviour	Broof(t1)	UNE-EN 1187; UNE-EN 13501-5
Durability flexibility	-5 ± 5	-
Creep durability (°C)	100 ± 10	UN-EN 1110
Elongation at break longitudinal (%)	NPD	UNE-EN 12311-1
Elongation at transverse break (%)	NPD	UNE-EN 12311-1
Water vapour resistance factor (μ)	20.000	UNE-EN 1931
Low temperature flexibility (°C)	< -15	UNE-EN 1109

Concept	Value	Standard
Reaction to fire	E	UNE-EN 11925-2; UNE-EN 13501-1
Resistance to static loading (kg)	NPD	UNE-EN 12730
Resistance to root penetration	No pasa	UNE-EN 13948
Longitudinal tensile strength (N / 5cm)	400 ± 300	UNE-EN 12311-1
Transverse tensile strength (N / 5cm)	400 ± 300	UNE-EN 12311-1
Longitudinal resistance to tearing (nail shank) (N)	NPD	UNE-EN 12310-1
Transversal resistance to tearing (nail shank) (N)	NPD	UNE-EN 12310-1
Resistance to impact, A (mm)	NPD	UNE-EN 12691
Joint Strength: Welding Shear	400 ± 300	UNE-EN 12317-1
Hazardous substances	PND	-
Resistance to root penetration	No pasa	UNE-EN 13948

## Additional Technical Data

Concept	Value	Standard
Adhesion of granules (%)	NPD	UNE-EN 12039
Dimensional stability at elevated temperatures (longitudinal) (%)	NPD	UNE-EN 1107-1
Dimensional stability at high temperatures (transversal) (%)	NPD	UNE-EN 1107-1
Creep resistance at high temperatures (°C)	>90	UN-EN 1110
Durabilidad UV; calor y agua: Flexibilidad a baja temperatura (°C)	NPD	-
Durabilidad UV; calor y agua: Fluencia a alta temperatura (°C)	NPD	-

## Environmental Information

Concept	Value	Standard
Volatile organic compounds (COV's) (µg/m³)	50 (A+)	ISO 16000-6:2006
Post-consumer recycled content (%)	35	-
Manufactured in	Fontanar - Guadalajara (España)	-

## Standards and Certification

- In accordance with the UNE-EN 13707 standard 'Flexible sheets for waterproofing - Reinforced bitumen sheets for roof waterproofing - Definitions and characteristics'.
- Complies with CE marking requirements.

## Scope

- Self-protected non-accessible roofs: Capsheet of multi-layer waterproofing sheets with metal self-protection.
- Auxiliary sheet for joints with parapets and emergent elements, gutters, mangers, finishes, etc.

## Advantages & Benefits

- The metallic finish gives the membranes UV resistance, which is necessary for visible waterproofing layers. Therefore, this membrane can be used as an auxiliary sheet for visible finishes, gutters, parapets, etc.
- Little thermal variation.
- High dimensional stability.
- The membrane, composed of a bitumen mastic modified with plastomers, provides great performance at high and low temperatures, plasticity and resistance to ageing, which leads to greater durability of the sheet and greater safety of the waterproofing membrane.
- Limits deformations.
- Limits stresses in the waterproofing membrane.
- Allows for adaptation to any type of geometry.
- Can also be used as a top coat on bilayer membranes with bonded heavy protection (MA-2 and MA-3 membranes according to the UNE 104-402/96 standard).

## Instruction for Use

Deck surfaces must be dry, clean and free from sharp projections such as nail heads and concrete nibs. When bonding the substrate should be prepared using a primer either Impridan 100, CURIDAN, MAXDAN or MAXDAN CAUCHO at the recommended rate prior to installation of the waterproofing system. Where the membranes are adhered to insulation boards, the resistance to wind uplift will be dependent on the cohesive strength of the insulation and the method by which it is secured to the roof deck. This should be taken into account when the insulation material is selected. At falls in excess of 5° (1:11) precautions against slippage, and requirements for mechanical fixing should be observed. The membrane may be laid in conditions normal to roofing work and must not be laid in rain, snow or heavy fog, nor if the temperature falls below 5°C, unless precautions against condensation have been taken. The roofing layers must always be installed with staggered overlaps and in such a manner that no counter-seams in the direction of the outlets are made. Attachment of reinforced bituminous membrane roofing maybe achieved by full bonding, by partial bonding or loose laid (ballasted); the choice should depend upon the type of substrate and the required resistance to wind uplift pressure. The first layer is installed over the substrate, full bonded, partially bonded, or loose laid (ballasted). Fully bonded torch-applied membranes should only be used with non-combustible substrates and with surfaces designed to enable the torch application of subsequent layers. It is possible to install a torch-receivable first layer in hot bitumen, and then torch apply the second or capping sheet, which should be specifically designed for torching. Bonding is achieved by melting the lower surface by torching and pressing the membrane down. Care must be taken not to overheat the membrane. The first layer is installed with side laps of 60 mm and end laps of 75 mm. The top layer/cap sheet is laid over the first layer in the same direction, and fully bonded. The top layer/cap sheets are installed with side laps for the mineral surfaced membranes determined by the selvedge edge

and for sanded or plastified top layers a minimum of 75 mm and end laps 100 mm wide. When partially bonded either a layer of GLASDAN 800 P PERFORADO or other suitable venting layer is loose-laid across the substrate edge to edge. The first layer is fully bonded over the venting layer in the direction with side laps of 80 mm and end laps of 75 mm. The top layer/cap sheet is laid over the first layer in the same direction, and fully bonded. The top layer/cap sheets are installed with side laps for the mineral surfaced membranes determined by the selvedge edge and for sanded or plastified top layers a minimum of 75 mm and end laps 100 mm wide. Loose-laid is possible in ballasted systems. A separating layer is loose-laid over the substrate to act with overlaps of 100 mm. The first layer is loose-laid over the separation layer with side laps of 60 mm and end laps of 80 mm wide. The laps are sealed by torch welding. The top layer is laid over the first layer in the same direction, and fully bonded. The top layer/cap sheets are installed with side laps for the mineral surfaced membranes determined by the selvedge edge and for sanded or plastified top layers a minimum of 75 mm and end laps 100 mm wide. The waterproofing system is ballasted with a proper finishes. In all systems, laps between the membrane and any base sheets should be offset by a minimum of 300 mm.

**ADEVERTISMENT:** Attachment of reinforced bituminous membrane roofing can also be achieved by mechanical fastening with screws and stress plates or by nailing. Mechanical fastening of membranes is possible by installing a specially manufactured membrane mechanically fastened with screws and stress plates along the lap, with joints then sealed by torching, with subsequent layers fully bonded. Nailing fastening of membranes is possible by installing a sacrificial specially manufactured layer mechanically fastened with screws and stress plates, or alternatively nails, with subsequent layers fully bonded.

## Indications and Important Recommendations

- In case of new construction and renovation, possible chemical incompatibilities with APP plastomer-modified bitumen sheets shall be taken into account.
- In case of refurbishment, chemical incompatibilities with old waterproofing systems consisting of PVC membranes, modified tar-based mastics or any other, shall be taken into account, and it may be necessary to remove them completely or to use suitable separating layers.
- If it is necessary to adhere to metallic or slightly porous elements, a bituminous primer (IMPRIDAN 100) shall be applied to the entire surface to be welded beforehand.
- In the case of multi-layer waterproofing membranes with metallic self-protection, the minimum slope of the substrate shall be 10%.
- This product may form part of a waterproofing system, so all the documents referred to in the Danosa Solutions Manual must be taken into account, as well as all the regulations and legislation that must be complied with in this respect.
- Self-protected sheets finished in light colours perform better thermally.
- Sheets made of plastomeric bitumen require more blowtorch input than sheets made of SBS elastomeric bitumen in order to work properly. It is important to take this aspect into consideration when welding the sheets to the substrate, when welding the overlaps of the sheets and when welding the sheets to each other.
- Danosa waterproofing films should be installed preferably within seven months from the date of manufacture.
- There is no chemical incompatibility between the Danosa range of SBS elastomeric bitumen and APP plastomeric bitumen membranes.
- Polyurethane foam shall not be sprayed on top of the waterproofing, as it is an outdoor waterproofing.
- Not suitable as cap sheet on green roofs; use GARDEN variant.
- Do not use on roofs that are subsequently to be covered with heavy protection, be it paving, gravel or topsoil (in case of green roofs), or any other type of protection.
- Do not use for waterproofing buried walls.
- Do not use in single-layer system.
- Do not use over thermal insulation.

- Special attention must be paid to the execution of the singular points, such as parapets (meetings with vertical and emergent elements), drains, expansion joints, etc.
- NOTE: For more information on the Danosa systems in which this product is used, please see the document "Waterproofing Solutions".

## Maintenance Recommendations

- Please refer to DANOSA UK Technical Statement 'Flat Roof Waterproofing – Cleaning and Maintenance Recommendations'

## Handling, storage and preservation

- Before moving the pallet, check the condition of the shrink-wrap and reinforce if necessary.
- The product must be stored in a dry place protected from rain, sun, heat and low temperatures.
- The product must be stored in an upright position.
- The product will be used on a first-come, first-served basis.
- This product is not toxic or flammable.
- Waterproofing work should not be carried out when the ambient temperature is lower than +5°C for hot air welding.
- Waterproofing work must not be carried out when weather conditions may be detrimental, in particular when it is snowing or there is snow or ice on the roof, when it is raining or the roof is wet, surface dampness >8% according to NTE QAT, or when a strong wind is blowing.
- Pallets shall not be stacked on top of each other.
- For high storage, the racks must have three cross members, or braces under the wooden pallet skids.
- For handling with a crane, use a protective net as indicated on the pallet label.
- Danosa recommends consulting the safety data sheet for this product, which is permanently available at [danosa.com](http://danosa.com), Knowledge Portal, or it can be requested from our Technical Department.
- In all cases, the Occupational Safety and Hygiene standards, as well as the standards of good construction practice, must be taken into account.
- For further information, please contact our Technical Department.

## Notice

- The information contained in this document and any other advice provided, are given in good faith, based on DANOSA's current knowledge and experience when products are properly stored, handled and applied, in normal situations and in accordance with the recommendations of DANOSA. The information applies only to the application (s) and the product (s) to which reference is expressly made. In case of changes in the parameters of the application, or in case of a different application, consult the DANOSA Technical Service before using the DANOSA products. The information contained herein does not exonerate the responsibility of the building agents to test the products for the application and intended use, as well as their correct application in accordance with current legal regulations. The product images used in our communications are indicative and may differ slightly in color and aesthetic appearance in relation to the final product. Orders are accepted in accordance with the terms of our current General Sales Conditions. DANOSA reserves the right to modify, without prior notice, the data reflected in this documentation. Website: **[www.danosa.com](http://www.danosa.com)** E-mail: **[info@danosa.com](mailto:info@danosa.com)** Telephone: **+34 949 88 82 10**